

# Mission Planning Overview



**Mission Planning SEIC  
Industry Day**

16 Dec 02



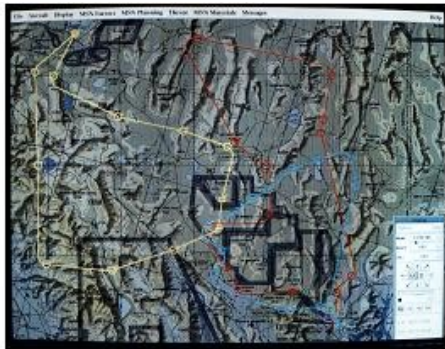
# Overview

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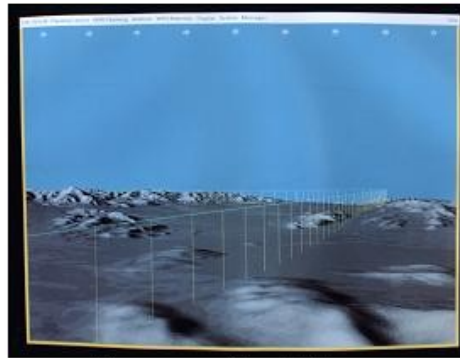
- **Mission Planning Process**
- **Why Automated Mission Planning?**
- **Mission Planning Functionality**
- **Current Products**
- **Roadmap**
- **Current Community**

# Mission Planning

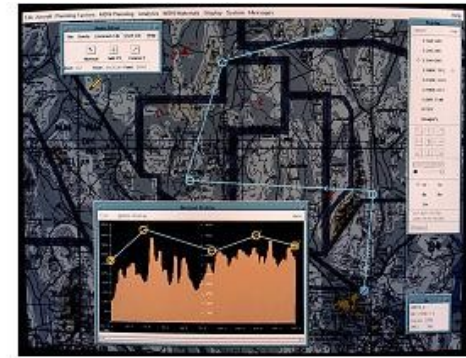
- Fuses intelligence, weather, weapon, route, and threat data
- Produces charts, forms, imagery, and loads mission to aircraft
- Improves sortie rates, weapons delivery, and unit collaboration



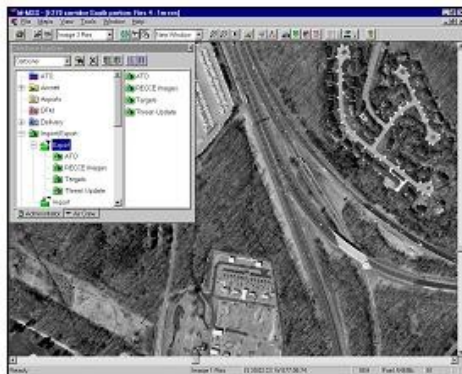
Route Planning



Perspective Views



Vertical Profile



Import/Export from Other Systems



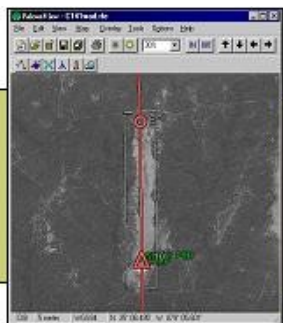
Charts, Maps, and Cartridges



Route Fly Through



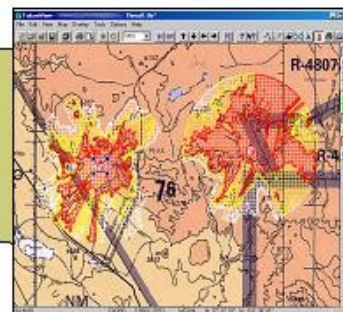
# Mission Planning Process



**Perform target  
area planning**



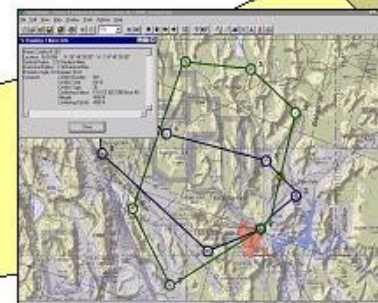
**Perform  
Weaponneering**



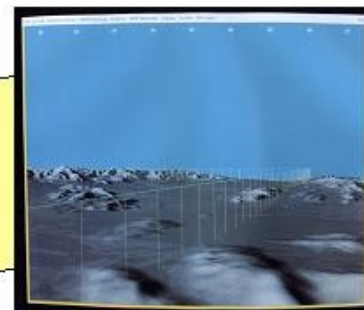
**Perform Threat  
Assessment**



**Perform Route  
Planning**



**Optimize Survivable  
Route "Autorouting"**



**Provide Mission  
Visualization/Rehearsal**



**Prepare Mission  
Materials**



**Support Post  
Mission Analysis**

# Inputs to Generating a Mission Plan

Target - Hangar (FMP) - Desired effect (0.5 Pd)

FUH FHP FHA **FMP** FMA FSP FSA RSA RMA RHA MSP MSA MMA MHP MMP



## Weapon Capabilities

- Mk 80 series GP bombs
- AGM-65E
- GBU-10/12/16
- GBU-24
- SLAM-ER
- JDAM
- JDAM PIP
- AGM-154 A/B/C
- HARM

## Weapon Availability

## Platform Capabilities

## Weapon Capability

## Target

## Target Effects

## Onboard Sensor Capabilities

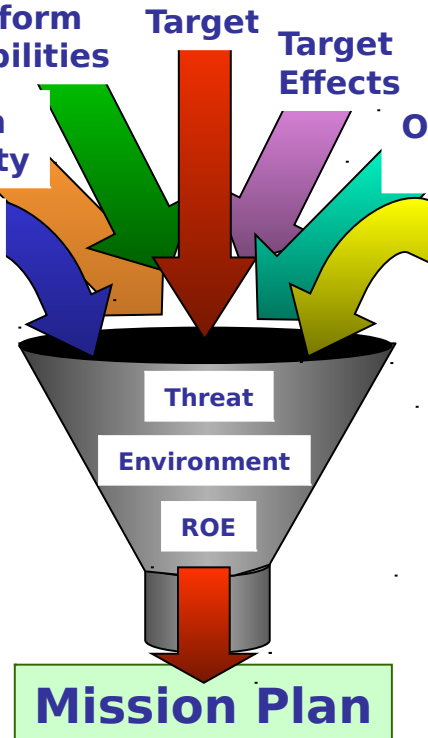
## Off-board Sensor Capabilities

## Platform Capabilities

- F/A-18
- B-2 / B-1
- JSF
- F-16

## Sensor Capabilities

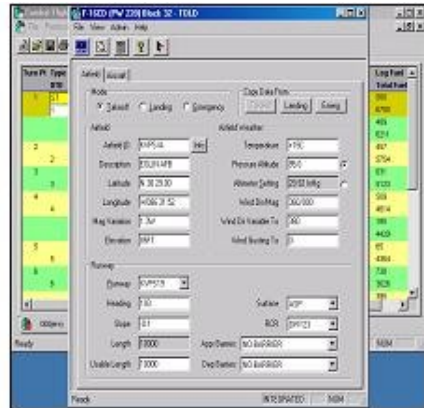
- Radar / AESA
- FLIR
- EO



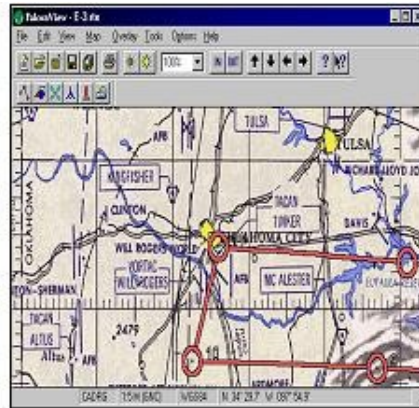
**Mission Planner acts as the funnel through which all inputs are filtered before the desired plan is generated**



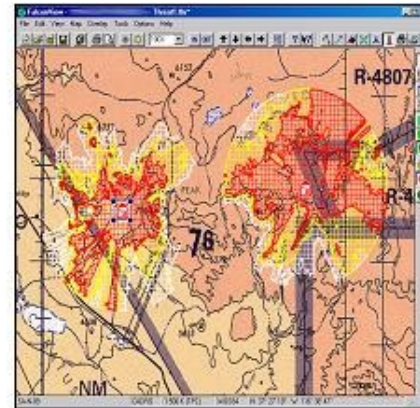
# Mission Planning



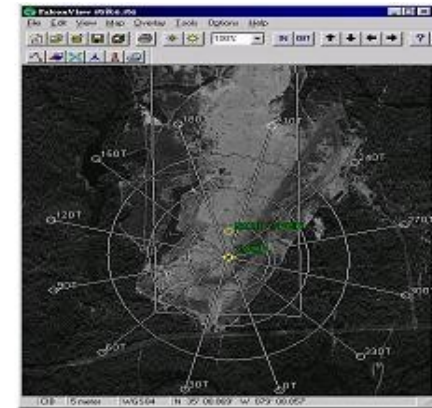
**Takeoff & Landing Data**



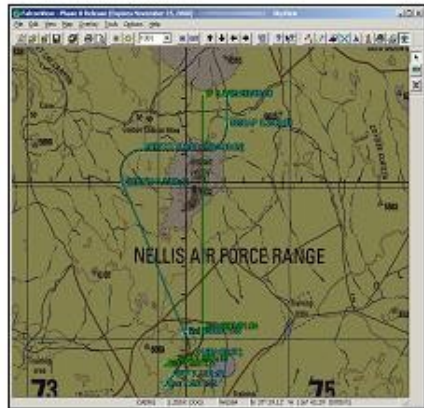
**Mapping Software**



**Threat Analysis**



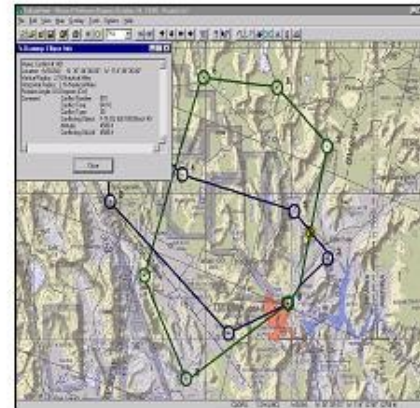
**Airdrop Planning**



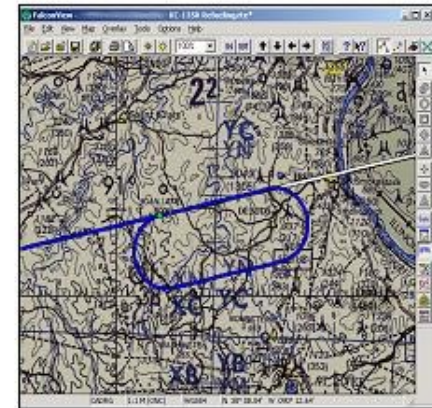
**Formation Planning**



**Close Air Support**



**Route Deconfliction**

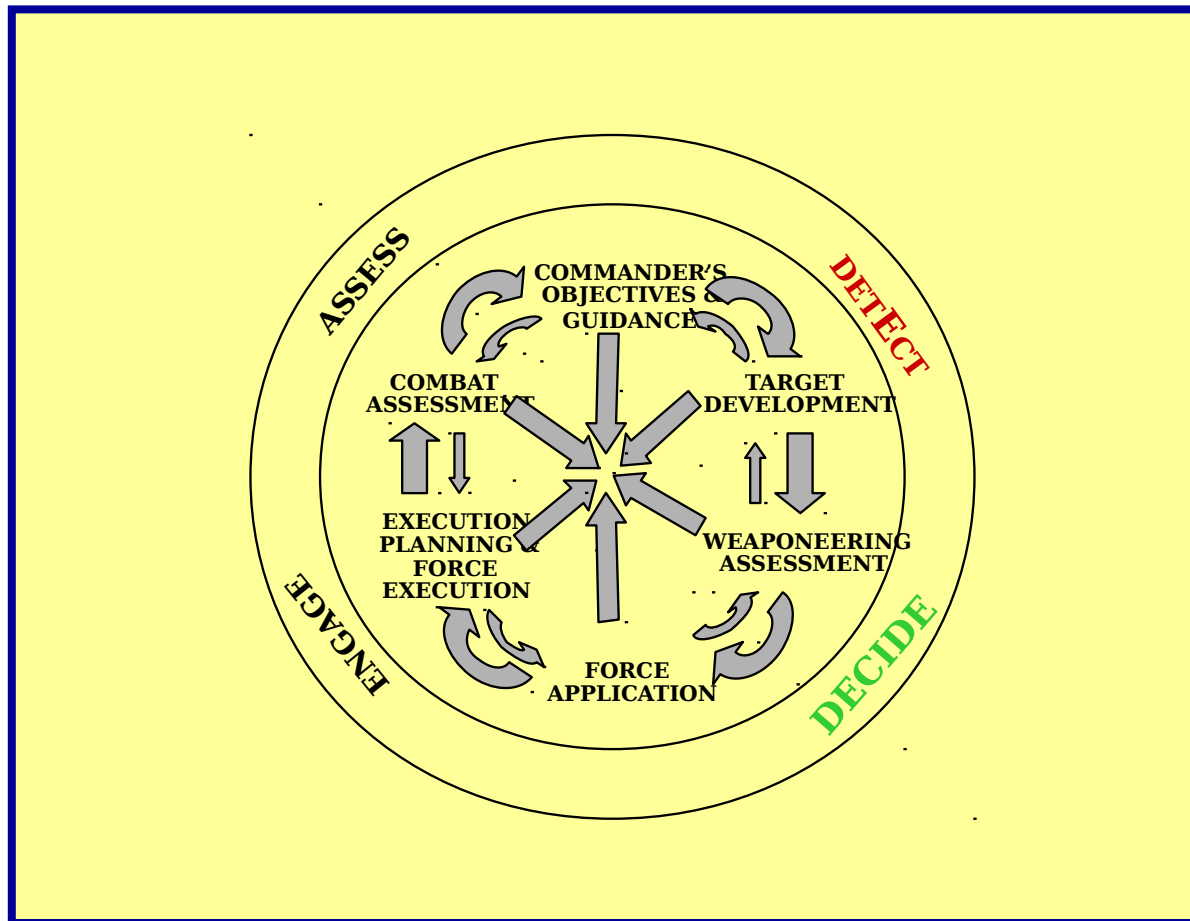


**Aerial Refueling**



# Why Automated Mission Planning?

## TCS Timeline/Cycle CONOPS



Increased Speed of  
Decision

# Paradigm Shift in Mission Planning

## Yesterday without GPS...

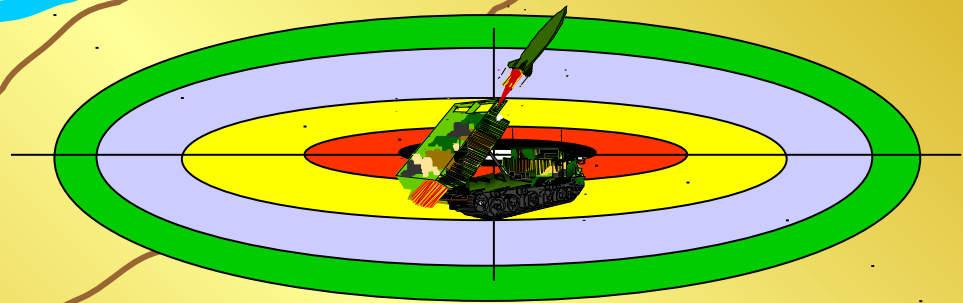
Mission planning got one aircraft to a point for the pilot to visually acquire the target and maneuver the aircraft into a weapon delivery position

Multiple aircraft  
One Target

Multiple weapons

- Accuracy and lethality dependent on range to target and resultant CEP

Example - Gravity bombs  
100 ft CEP (6 mils @ 16K ft)  
# Weapons / Sorties : 15 /  
3-4 Weather dependent





# Paradigm Shift in Mission Planning

## Today with GPS...

Mission planning gets one aircraft to an area outside most target defenses for delivery of multiple weapons to multiple targets simultaneously

One aircraft  
weapon each

Multiple targets

One



- Accuracy and lethality no longer dependent on range..."Guide to coordinate" weapons changes basic mission planning considerations

Example - JDAM PIP  
3m (10 ft) CEP

#Weapons / Sorties : 1 / 1

All wx, launch and leave from standoff



**Targeting is increasing the strain on mission planning systems**

# Why Automated Mission Planning?

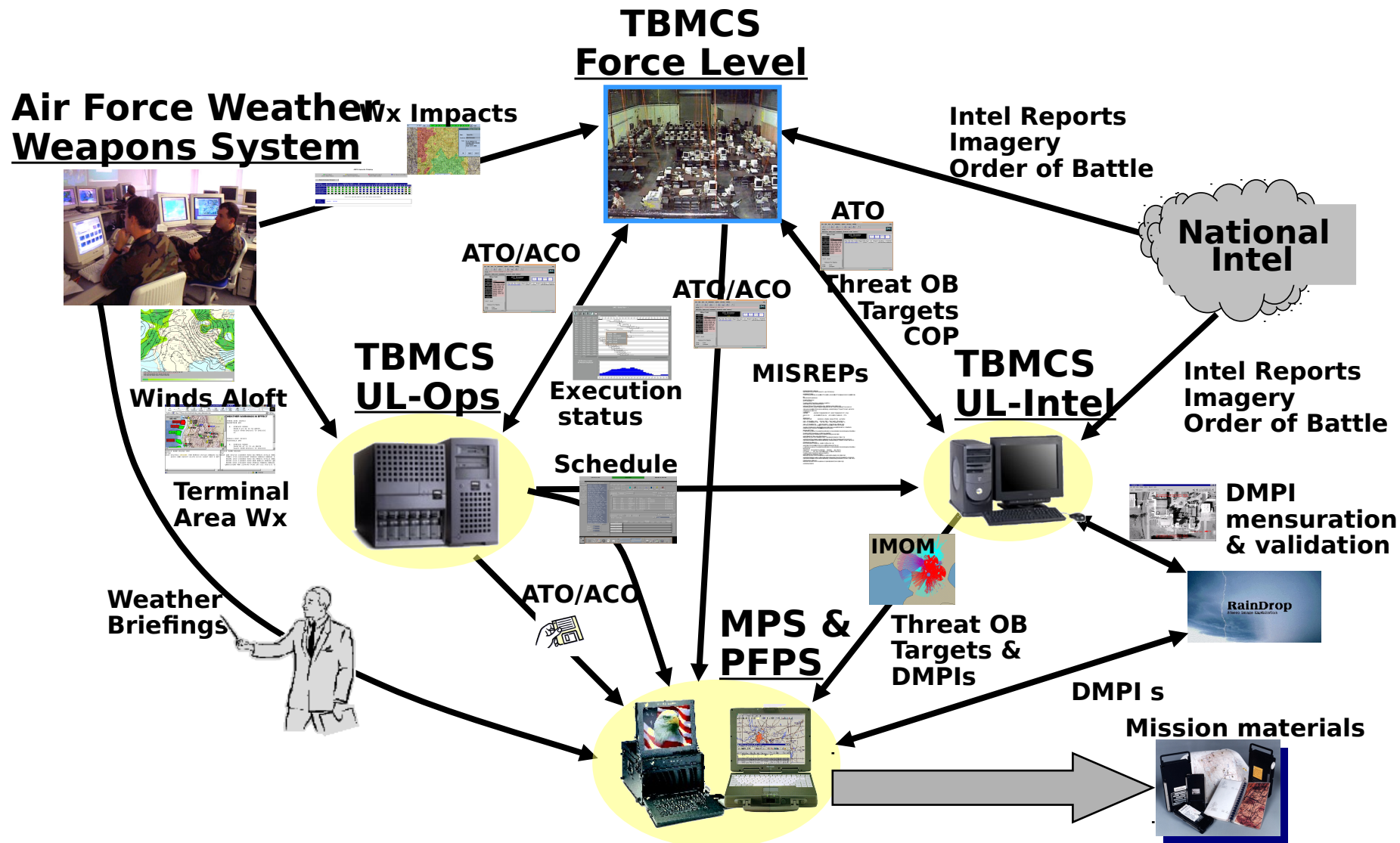
## Mission Planning Evolution

- It used to be enough for an aircrew to have:  
Route                      Heading                      Time                      Fuel calculations
- Then, aircrews wanted:  
Threat display              Weaponing data              Stores planning  
Delivery parameters      Data loads              Masked routing              Weather
- As standoff range and guide to coordinate GPS weapons have increased, aircrews need:

Sensor prediction	Image reception	LAR manipulation
Weapon trajectory/obstruction clearance		Mid-course & terminal update
Target Location Error (TLE)	GPS error	Waypoint Navigation
Release parameters		

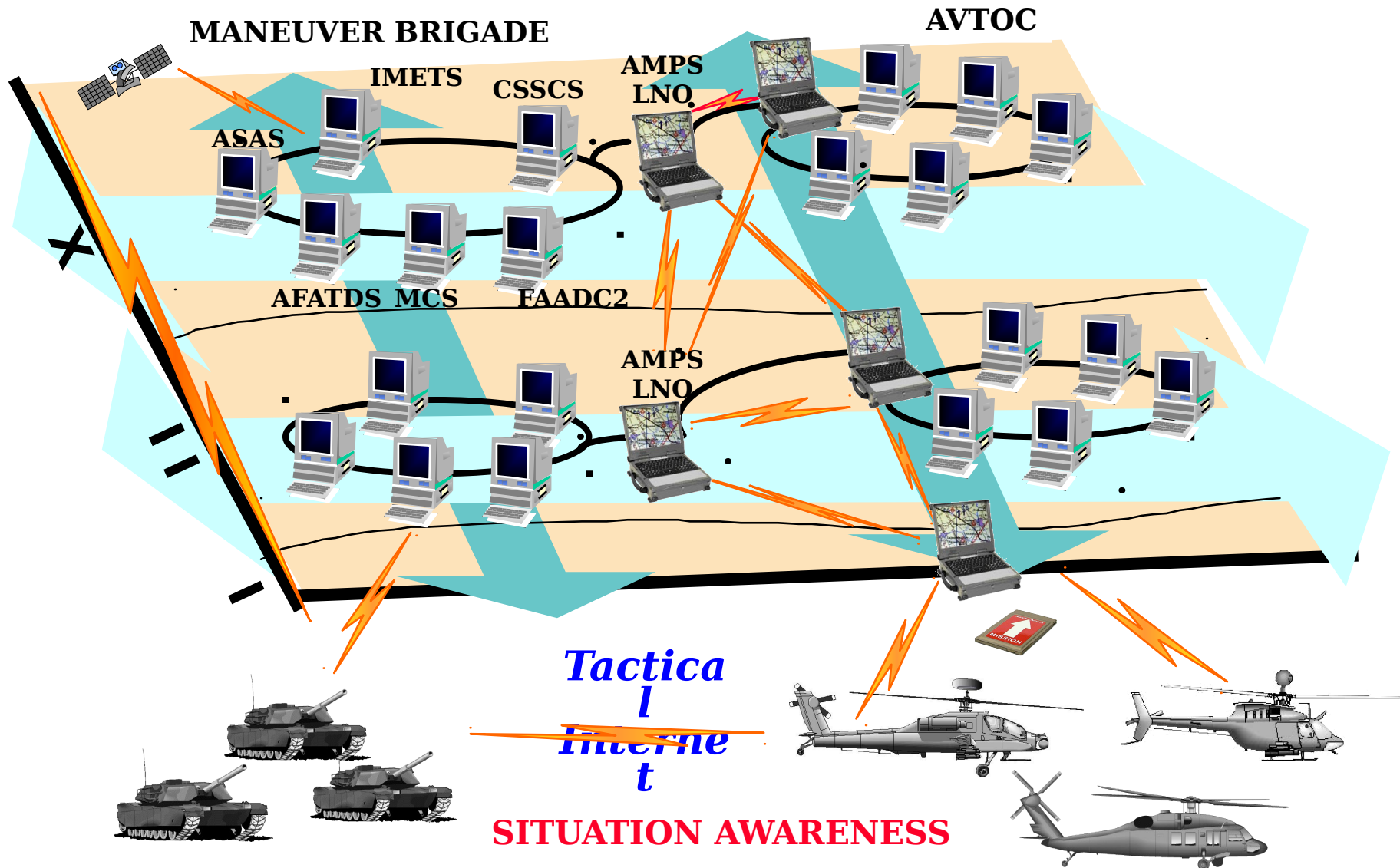
***Mission Planning system that maximizes  
Weapon System's inherent operational flexibility***

# Mission Planning in the C2 Realm



# Battlefield Information Exchange

## COMMAND & CONTROL





# Mission Planning Environment

## Mission Planning Environment (MPE)



ATO/ACO



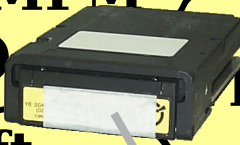
Weather



Intel



  
**Weapon**  
A/W/E or MPM  
(UPC)

  
**Aircraft**  
A/W/E or MPM  
(UPC)

**Flight Performance  
Modules (FPMs)**

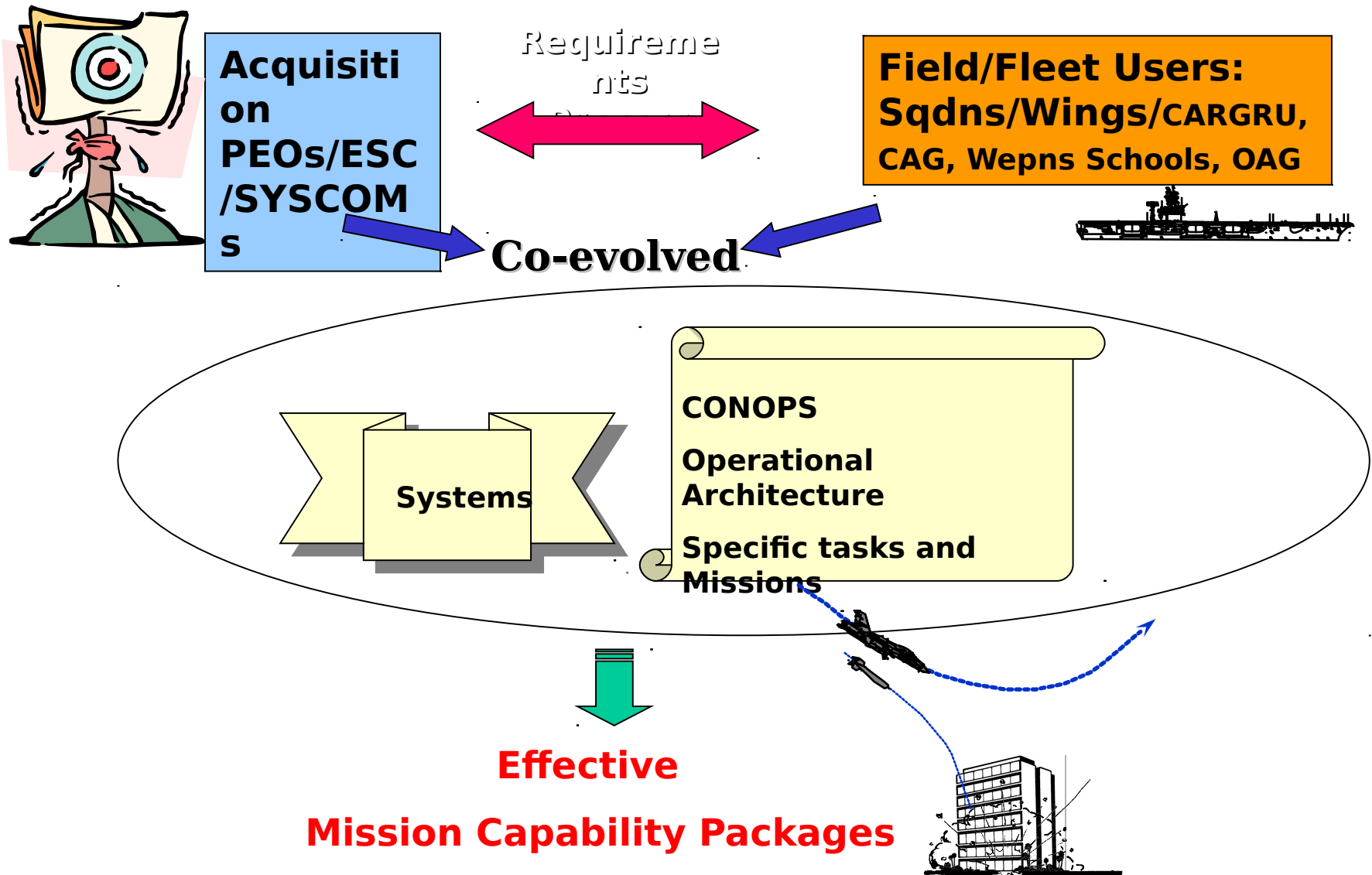
**Installable Software  
Modules (ISMs)**

**Operational  
light Program  
(OFP)**





# Collaborative Co-evolution



# Mission Planning Product Line



## **Mission Planning System (MPS)**

- Robust Unix-based system for PGM and Low Observability
- Developed by Sanders in 1991
- Used by Bombers, Fighters w/PGMs, Recce

## **Tactical Automated Mission Planning System (TAMPS)**

- Robust Unix-based system
- Precision Guided Munitions (PGMs)
- Used by F-18, E-2, and F-14

## **Army Mission Planning System (AMPS)**

## **Portable Flight Planning System (PFPS)**

- Suite of PC-based software components
- Developed by Tybrin/GTRI in 1995
- Used by Fighters, Transport, and Airlift

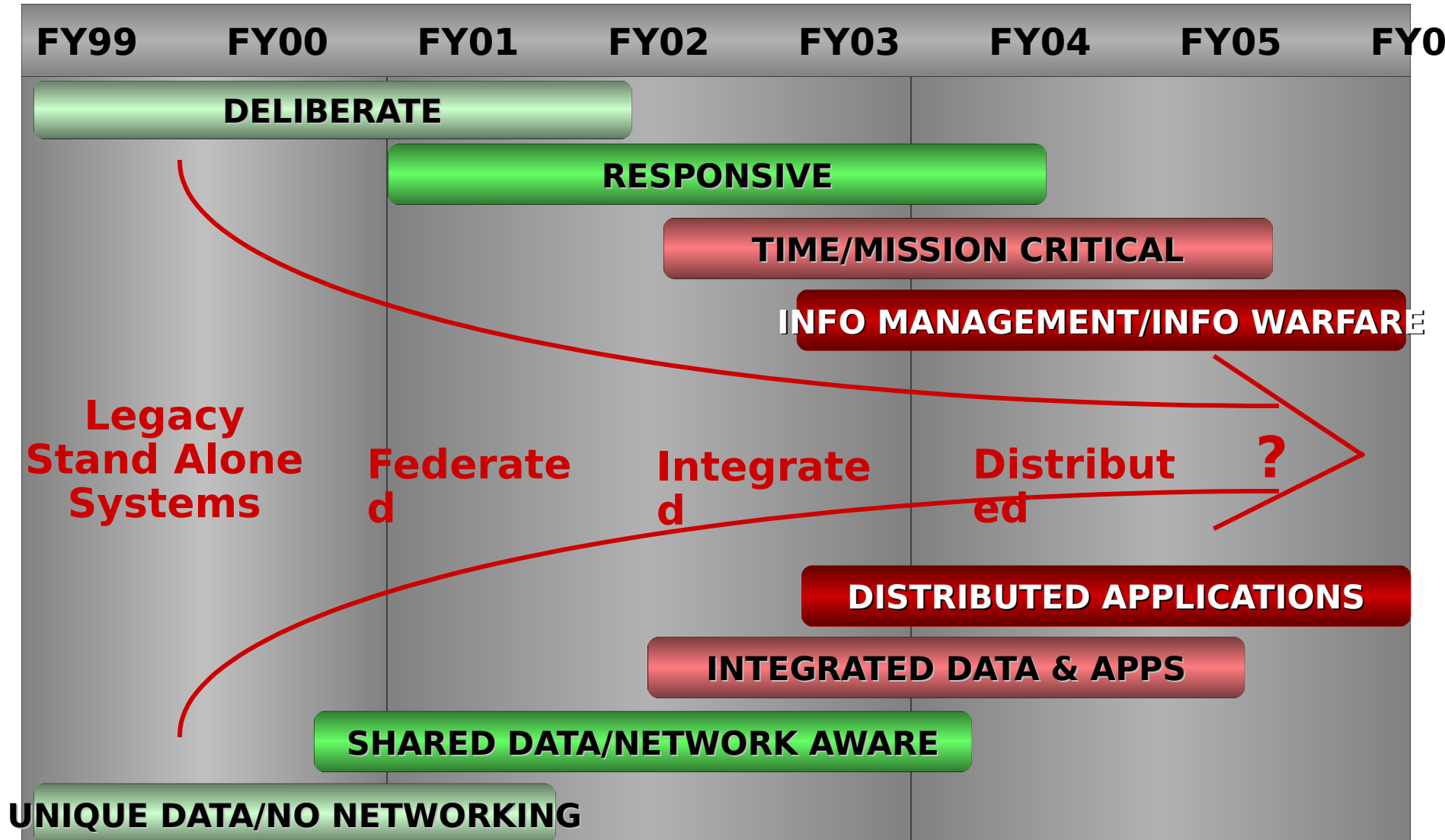
## **Joint Mission Planning System (JMPS)**

- Next generation PC-based software
- Developed by NGIT (Tybrin, GTRI, Boeing, BAE)
- All Air Force, Army & Navy platforms migrating from



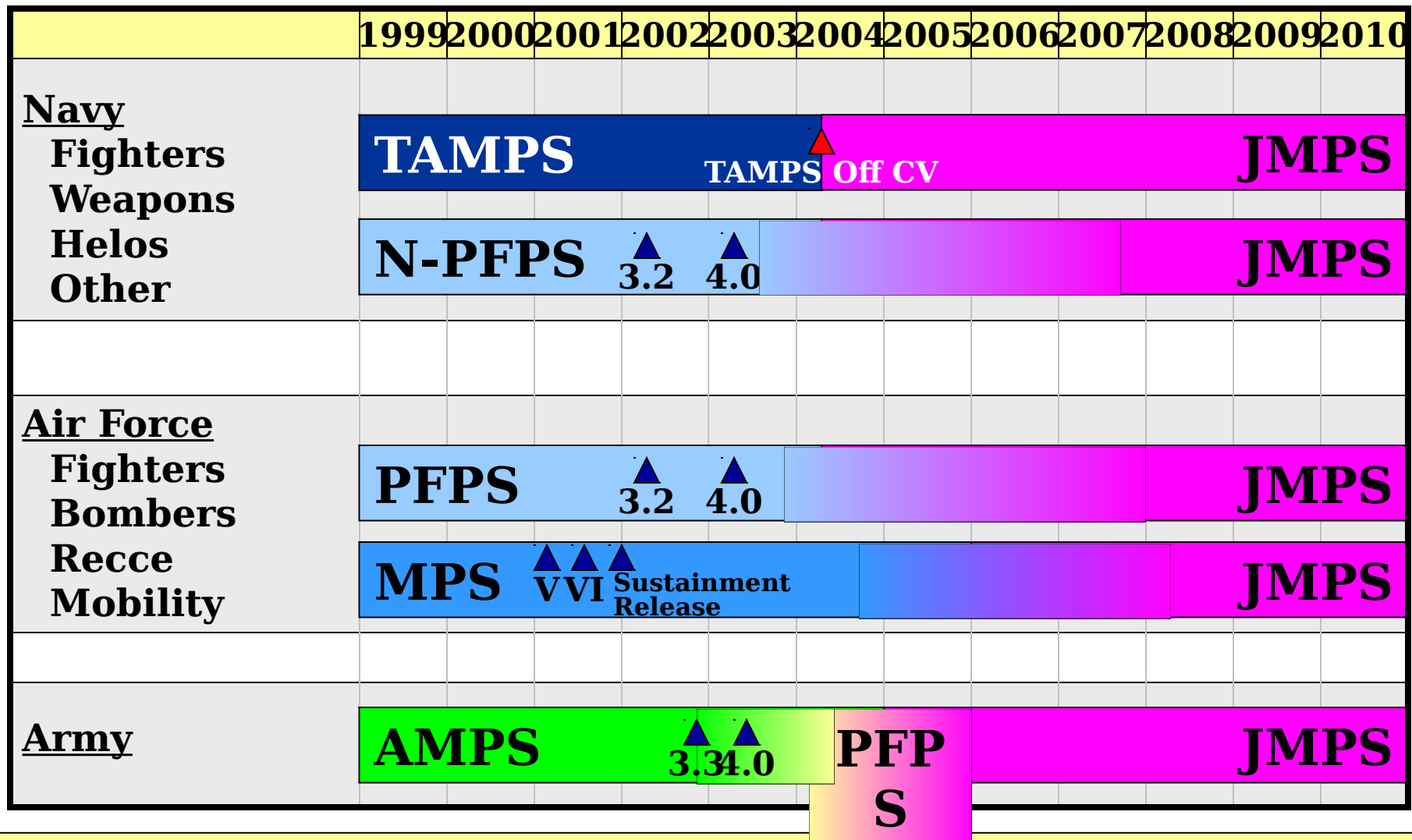


# Technical Roadmap to Future Capabilities





# DoD Mission Planning Roadmap



**Direction to Move All Platforms to Single PC Based System - J**

# Gov't Mission Planning Community

USAF Aircraft SPOs

AFMSS SPO

Ogden ALC



SPAWAR

NAV AIR

PMA-233



ACC/DRSM



USSOCOM



PEO(AVN)

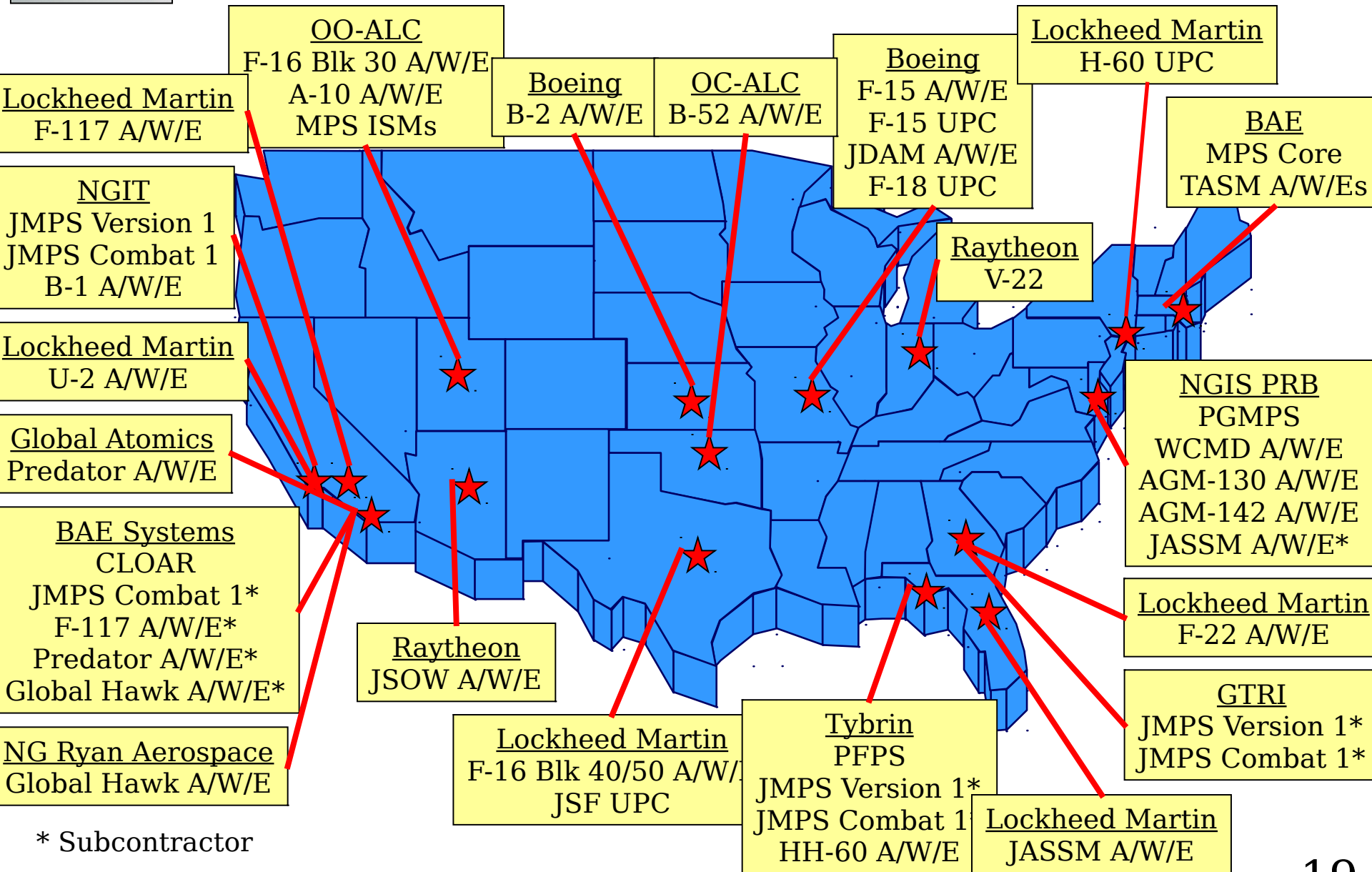


46th Test Sqn USAF Weapon SPOs

NAV AIR

NAWC

# Mission Planning Developer Community





***Questions  
?***





# AMPS/JMPS-A Software Timeline

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- AMPS version 5.2.1 November 2002
  - AH-64D software version 6
  - OH-58D Kiowa Warrior CDS 2 bug fixes
  - PFPS version 3.2
- PFPS-Army version 3.3 August 2003
  - New AMPS software built on PFPS baseline
  - Supports all Army Aviation airframes, including AH-64D sw v 6, 7
  - Will be fielded concurrently with hardware replacing AMPS LCU
- JMPS-Army version 1.0 April 2005
  - Joint Interoperability
  - Software Blocking Release

# AMPS to JMPS-A Migration



**2002**

**2003**

**2004**

**2005**

**2006**

**AMPS**

LB SW V 1- 6  
AH-64A Mod  
KW (CDS 2, 3, 4)  
UH-60A/L  
CH-47D

**AMPS**  
**PFPS**

UH-60A/L  
CH-47D  
AH-64A Mod

LB SW V 6  
AH-64A Mod  
KW (CDS 2, 3, 4)  
UH-60A/L  
CH-47D

**AMPS**  
**PFPS-A**

UH-60A/L  
CH-47D  
AH-64A Mod  
LB SW V 6,  
7/8  
KW (CDS 2,  
4)  
UH-60Q

**PFPS-A**

UH-60A/L  
CH-47D  
AH-64A Mod  
LB SW V 6, 7/8  
KW (CDS 2, 4)  
UH-60Q  
LB SW V 6.1, 8.1

**JMPS-A**

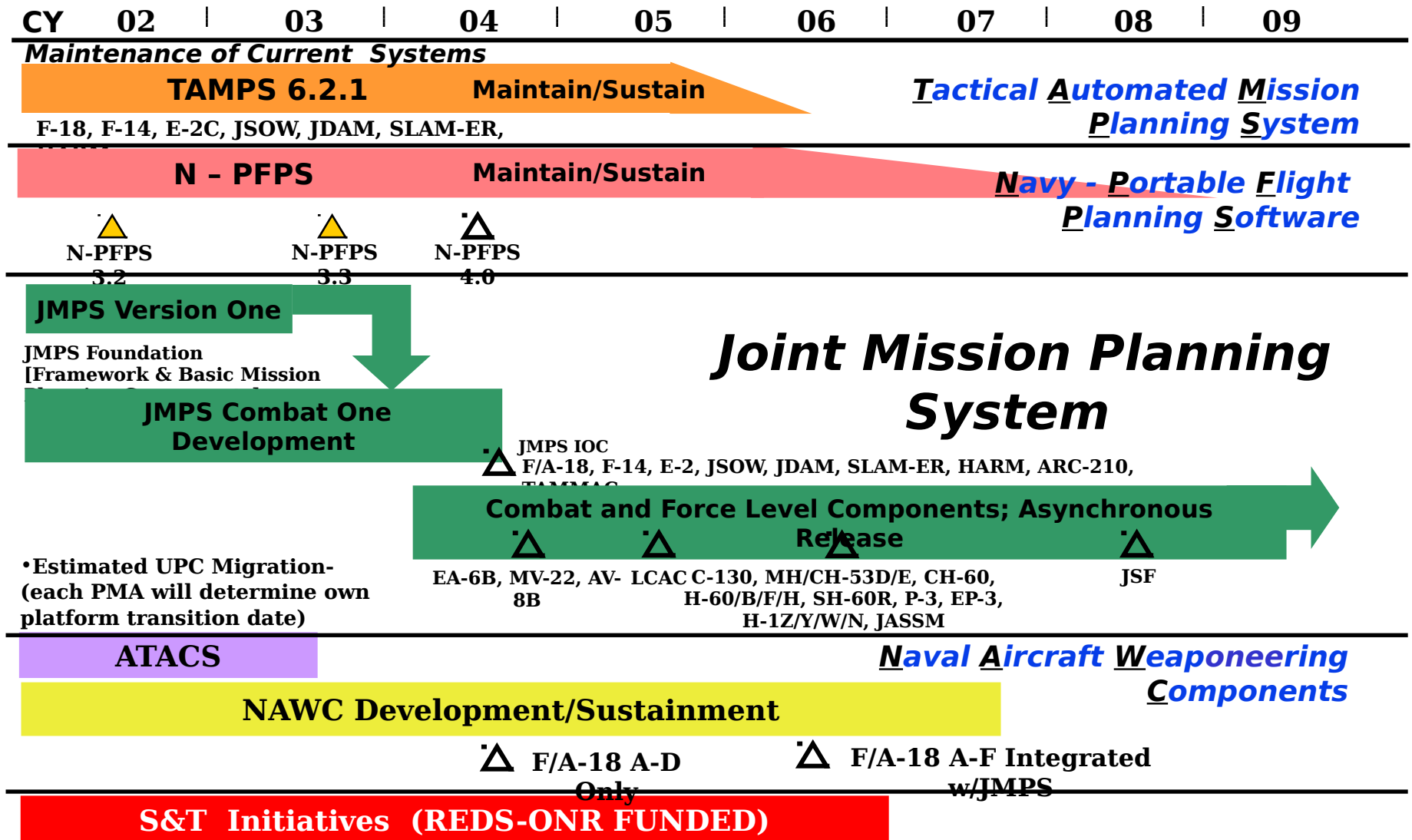
LB SW V 6.1, 10  
AH-64A Mod  
KW (CDS 2, 4)  
UH-60A/L/M/Q  
HH-60L/M  
CH-47D/F  
Comanche

**PFPS/JMPS**



# Roadmap

## - Planning for a Smooth Transition -



# Why Automated Mission Planning

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- Accuracy, not estimation, means improved safety of flight
  - Accurate Calculations Mean More Effective Mission
    - Airfield, Threat and Target Location Identified Accurately
    - Accurate Distance Measures
    - All Calculations are Error Checked
  - Reduced Risk of Equipment or Personnel Loss
- Accuracy Means More Economic Use of Resources
  - More Efficient Turn Around of Aircraft - Reduced Number of Sorties (Force Multiplier)
  - Fuel Efficiency - Route Planning
  - Reduce Loss of Life and Equipment
    - Threat Analysis, Mission Rehearsal





# Why Automated Mission Planning

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- Data Availability
  - System Admin keeps system data current
  - Pilots spend less time looking for maps, airfield data, computing and re-computing measures
  - Near Real Time updates of:
    - Air Tasking Orders
    - Air Coordination Orders
    - Threat Data
  - Unit preferences maintains consistency